INTERFACE KICK-OFF

The Organizers – Betsy, Sabrina, Hien, Dan -



The Gist

Betsy: Tech regulation

+ Primer: Section 230 & gov entities

Sabrina: How big is big data + <u>Primer:</u> Core biases in ML

Hien: Tech in communities

- Neighbors app by Ring (by Amazon) &

police partnerships

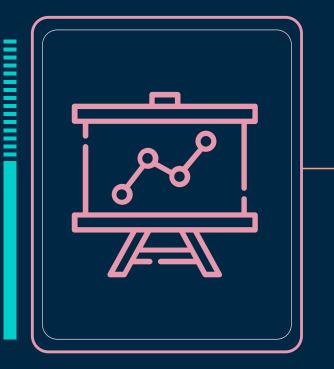
- Community-owned networks

Dan: US Surveillance



Other topics/areas we've done...

- machine learning & art
- counterculture/hippie influence on the formation of the internet
- open-source intelligence (OSINT) in journalism
- digital contact tracing for covid
- 3D-printed weapons
- education & technology
- cybersecurity & h a c k i n g



Goals

- Give a taste of the range of topics that INTERFACE discusses
- Bring up useful background information & shared assumptions in broad strokes (and allow them to be challenged)
- Get to know yalls and your interests and what you want from the year!



LOGISTICS

- we meet weekly
- we (usually) drink boba
- often we go to dinner together afterwards (extremely optional)
- chill, no particular member requirements

tech regulation aaaaaaa

Betsy

01

Grab Bag of Relevant Law/Regulation

- Regulatory agencies (in Murica)
- Privacy & data protection
- Section 230

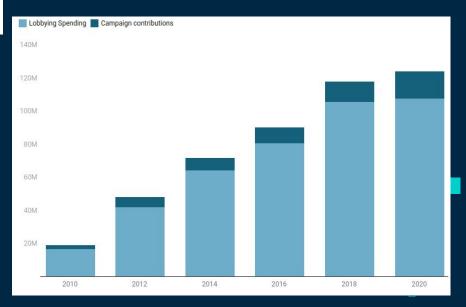
US Tech Regulation Orgs

- Federal Trade Commission (FTC)
 - enforces federal consumer protection laws that prevent fraud, deception and unfair business practices (ex: antitrust)
- Federal Communications Commission (FCC)
 - regulates communications by radio, television, wire, satellite, and cable
- More generally, Congress, Courts...
 - Sen. Orrin Hatch (R-UT) :/



Tech regulation is ... tough

Rank	Lobbying Client	Total Spent
1	Facebook Inc	19,680,000
2	Amazon.com	18,725,000
3	Comcast Corp	14,430,000
4	Lockheed Martin	12,960,810
5	Boeing Co	12,630,000
6	Northrop Grumman	12,050,000
7	Raytheon Technologies	11,960,000
8	Unilever	11,460,000



Priiiiivacyyyyyyyy

- INTERFACE talks alot about threats to privacy, but what does that mean?
- data privacy law in the US is a hot mess.
 - patchwork of laws, differing by sector and state
- most comprehensive regulation is EU'S GDPR
- a fundamental right? a core constitutional principle? a gray area?
 - *Grisworld v Connecticut* found a right to privacy derived from the 14th Amendment
 - how to manage tradeoffs with other rights?
 - we want your thoughts!



Section 230 of the Communications Decency Act

- "No provider or user of an interactive computer service shall be treated as the publisher or speaker of any information provided by another information content provider"
- grants ISP's, platforms that host 3rd-party content, etc.
 immunity for content posted on them
- has allowed for YouTube and Vimeo vids, Amazon and Yelp reviews, Facebook and Twitter social networking

Section 230 of the Communications Decency Act

- controversial: some people want platforms to be more proactive about removing disinformation, others want to remove the power for platforms to selectively police content
- We talk about: content moderation, disinformation, & censorship

How Big is Big Data

02

Core Biases in ML

- Sabrina -

Big Data in Previous Eras





East German Stasi Archives

- Files on 5.6 million people
- 69 miles of written archives;
 audio and visual recordings;
 sweat and body odour samples
- 270,000 staff members; 180,000 informers

Key Questions

- What metric is used to evaluate how "big" a dataset is?
- What can people do with big data, now and in the future?

Who has big data today?









4 Petabytes/day

Databases woo

GPT-3-powered AI Dungeon (4 TB text data -- 11 billion 250 million pages!!)

1 Petabyte/s

Key:

GB 10⁹

TB (1000 GB)

Petabyte (1000 TB), Exabyte (1000 PB), Zettabyte (1000 EB)

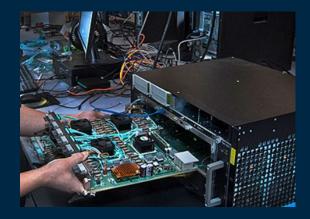


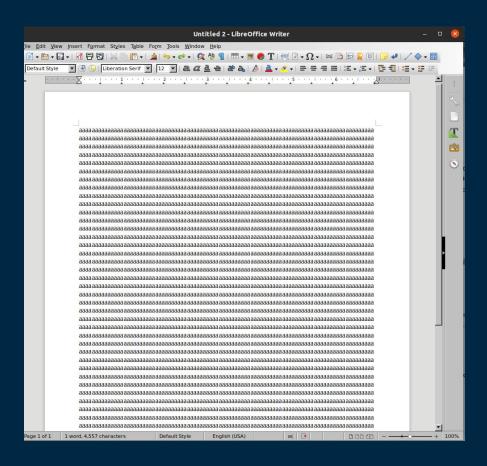
BIG DATA



~exabyte -- monthly Internet traffic in 2004 ~zettabyte -- yearly Internet traffic in 2016

Research Process





ML is going to fix everything!!







jk.

- Our datasets are bad!!!
- The solution is not always ML!!!!

arXiv.org > cs > arXiv:1301.6822

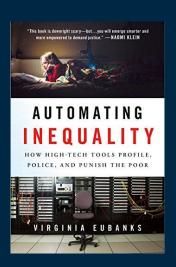
Computer Science > Information Retrieval

[Submitted on 29 Jan 2013]

Discrimination in Online Ad Delivery

Latanya Sweeney

A Google search for a person's name, such as "Trevon Jones", may yield a personalized ad for public records about Trevon that may be neutral, Jones, Arrested?". This writing investigates the delivery of these kinds of ads by Google AdSense using a sample of racially associated names a associated personal names across two websites. First names, assigned at birth to more black or white babies, are found predictive of race (88% Jermaine, generated ads suggestive of an arrest in 81 to 86 percent of name searches on one website and 92 to 95 percent on the other, while the neutral copy: the word "arrest" appeared in 23 to 29 percent of name searches on one site and 0 to 60 percent on the other. On the more ad traff





U.S. Facial Recognition Surveillance Dan

Widespread and harmful



← Facial recognition usage across US - Clearview + others (2021, Ban Facial Recognition)

↓ Span of facial recognition access by law enforcement (2016, Georgetown The Perpetual Line-up)

THE
PERPETUAL
LINE-UP

One in two American adults is in a law enforcement face recognition network.

Questionable Technical Backing

Gender and racial bias found in Amazon's facial recognition technology (again)

Research shows that Amazon's tech has a harder time identifying gender in darkerskinned and female faces

By James Vincent | Jan 25, 2019, 9:45am EST

NIST Study Evaluates Effects of Race, Age, Sex on Face Recognition Software

Demographics study on face recognition algorithms could help improve future tools.



Nijeer Parks - February 2019, New Jersey (Reported April 2021)



Robert Williams - January 2020, Michigan (Reported Aug. 2021)

Activist and regulatory efforts

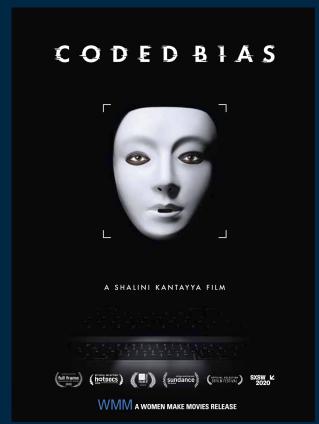
- Indefinite moratoriums from Amazon, Microsoft, IBM starting in June 2020
- Municipal/state-level bans while nationwide efforts underway

The two-year fight to stop Amazon from selling face recognition to the police

This week's moves from Amazon, Microsoft, and IBM mark a major milestone for researchers and civil rights advocates in a long and ongoing fight over face recognition in law enforcement.



Activism efforts









Community Tech

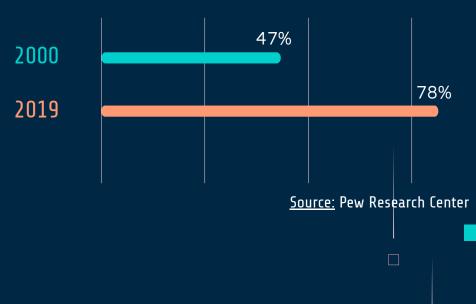
Ring & Neighbors vs.
Community Wireless
- Hien -



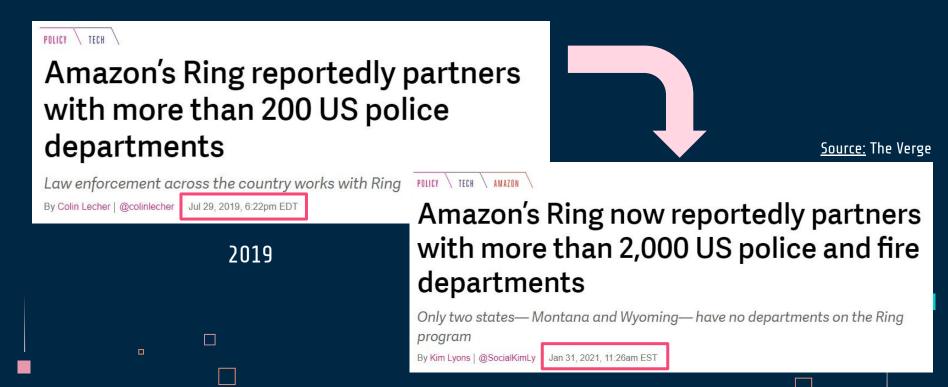
Neighborhood Watch



% people believing that crime in the US was worse than the year before



Ring & Police Partnerships



What happens in the police partnership

- Portal to request footage from community
- Request directly from Ring through court order/subpoena
- Discounts on Ring products
- Free products to gift to community (for app adoption)
- Coaching on how to request footage from community (social media, emails, messages templates + instructions)

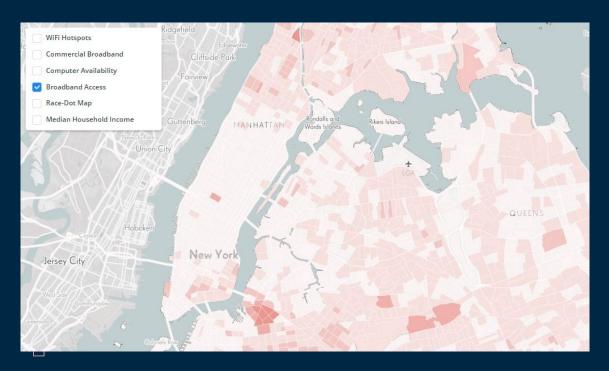
Outcome:

- Time wasted reviewing raccoons videos
- Lots of racism on Neighbors
- Mainly arrests for nonviolent petty crimes
- Identifying police brutality protesters using Ring footage

"... terrifically addictive, a wildly engaging hodgepodge of voyeurism, suspicion, unease, and mystery" -MAX READ, NEIGHBORS USER. NY MAGAZINE



Digital Divide



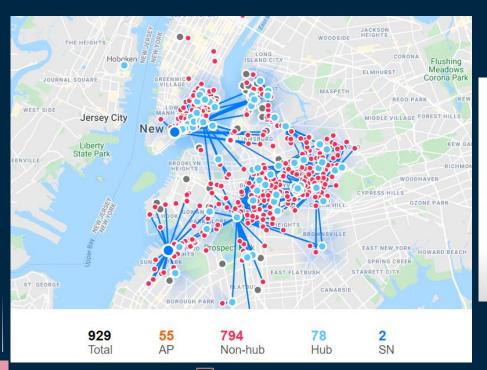
NYC broadband access map. Red = low/no access

Source: https://winkj601.github.io/

Digital Divide - the issue

- Broadband access reliant on ISPs
- ISPs misreports coverage
- In case of natural disasters, communities are isolated
- ISP provided broadband is costly
- As always, disproportionately affect POC

Community-operated Meshnet - the solution



Install Leader Training Program



Do you have any questions?

THANKS

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